## SIEDA HEAD START

## KINDERGARTEN READINESS GOALS ALIGNMENT TO ELOF/IELS/TSGOLD

HSELOF	KINDERGARTEN	PFCE- Family Engagement	IOWA EARLY LEARNING	GOLD
DOMAIN	READINESS GOAL	Outcomes	STANDARD	OBJECTIVE
→ SUB-DOMAIN			(06/2018)	
Approaches to	Children follow	Family Well-being	1.3	Social-Emotional
Learning	classroom rules and	→ Program environment	Self Regulation	#1: Regulates own emotions and
→ Emotional and	routines with	Community partnership		behaviors
Behavioral	increasing	Positive Parent-child	4.1	b: Follows limits and
Self-Regulation	independence.	Relationships	Awareness of Family and	expectations
		→ Program environment	Community	
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		→ Community Partnerships		
		Families as Lifelong Educators		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		Family Engagement in		
		Transitions		
		→ Teaching and learning		
		→ Community Partnerships		
		Family Connections to		
		peers/community		
		→ Program Environment		
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		→ Community Partnerships		
		Family as Advocates/Leaders		
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Community Partnerships		

## Three Year Olds:

- → Accept redirection from adults
- → Manages classroom rules, routines, and transitions with occasional reminders

## Four Year Olds:

- → Manages classroom rules, routines, and transitions with occasional reminders
- → Approaching basic rules in new but similar situations

Approaches to Family Well-being 1.3 Social-Emotion	ional					

Learning	Children engage and	Program environment	Relationship with Adults	#1: Regulates own emotions and
→ Relationships	maintain positive	<ul> <li>Community partnership</li> </ul>	•	behaviors
with Adults	relationships and	Positive Parent-child	1.4	c: Takes care of own needs
→ Relationships	interaction with	Relationships	Relationship with	appropriately
with Other	adults and other	→ Program environment	Children	
Children	children.	→ Family Partnerships		Social-Emotional #2: Establishes
		→ Teaching/Learning		and sustains positive relationships
	Children engage in	→ Community Partnerships		a. Forms relationships with adults
	prosocial and	Families as Lifelong Educators		c. Interacts with peers
	cooperative	→ Teaching/Learning		
	behavior with	Family Engagement in		Social-Emotional #3: Participates
	adults.	Transitions		cooperatively and constructively
		→ Teaching and learning		in group situations
	Child engages in	→ Community Partnerships		b. Solves social problems
	cooperative play	Family Connections to		
	with other children;	peers/community		
	uses basic	→ Program Environment		
	problem-solving	→ Family Partnerships		
	skills to resolve	→ Teaching/Learning		
	conflicts with other	→ Community Partnerships		
	children.	Family as Advocates/Leaders		
		→ Family Partnerships		
Three Veer Older		→ Community Partnerships		

- → Demonstrates confidence in meeting own needs
- → Approaching taking responsibility for own well being
- → Manages separation without distress and engages with trusted adults
- → Approaching engaging with trusted adults as resources and to share mutual interest
- → Approaching uses successful strategies for entering groups
- → Uses successful strategies for entering groups
- → Seeks adults to solve problems
- → Suggestion solutions to social problems

## Four Year Olds:

- → Demonstrates confidence in meeting own needs
- → Taking responsibility for own well being
- → Approaching engaging with trusted adults as resources and to share mutual interest

→ Engaging with trusted adults as resources and to share mutual interest

→ Uses successful strategies for entering groups

→ Initiates, joins in, and sustains positive interactions with small groups of 2-3 children

→ Approaching suggesting solutions to social problems

→ Approaching resolving social problems through negotiations and compromises

Approaches to	Children will	Family Well-being	1.2	Social-Emotional
Learning	recognize and	<ul> <li>Program environment</li> </ul>	Self Regulation	#1: Regulates own emotions and
→ Emotional	regulate emotions,	<ul> <li>Community partnership</li> </ul>		behaviors
Functioning	attention, impulses,	Positive Parent-child		a. Manages feelings
	and behavior.	Relationships		
		→ Program environment		#2: Establishes and sustains
		→ Family Partnerships		positive relationships
		→ Teaching/Learning		b. Responds to emotional cues
		→ Community Partnerships		
		Families as Lifelong Educators		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		Family Engagement in		
		Transitions		
		→ Teaching and learning		
		→ Community Partnerships		
		Family Connections to		
		peers/community		
		→ Program Environment		
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		→ Community Partnerships		
		Family as Advocates/Leaders		
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Community Partnerships		

#### Three Year Olds:

- → Approaching comforting self by seeking out special object/person
- → Ability to looks at a situation differently or delay gratification
- → Approaching demonstrating concern for others
- → Approaching identifying basic emotional reactions of others and their causes accurately

# Four Year Olds:

→ Approaching ability to looks at a situation differently or delay gratification

	7 Approaching facilitying basic emotional reactions of others and their causes accurately						
→ Identifying basic	→ Identifying basic emotional reactions of others and their causes accurately						
Approaches to	Children will	Family Well-being	5.1 Art	The Arts			
Learning	express interest,	→ Program Environment		#33: Explores the visual arts			
→ Initiative and	curiosity, and	Positive Parent-child	5.2 Music, Rhythm, and	#34: Explores musical concepts			
Curiosity	initiative in	Relationships	Movement	and expression			
→ Creativity	exploring creative	→ Teaching and learning		#35: Explores dance and			
	fine arts.	Families as Lifelong Educators	5.3 Dramatic Play	movement concepts			
		→ Program Environment		#36: Explores drama through			
		→ Family Partnerships		actions and language			
		→ Teaching and learning					
		Families as Learners					
		→ Teaching/Learning					
		→ Community Partnerships					
		Family as Advocates/Leaders					
		→ Family Partnerships					
		→ Community Partnerships					

- → Uses and cares for creative Art material
- → Communicates about own art work
- → Participates in music/movement activities
- → Expresses thoughts/feelings/energy through various forms/genres of music

→ Approaching controlling strong emotions in an appropriate manner most of the time
 → Approaching identifying basic emotional reactions of others and their causes accurately

- → Participates in a variety of rhythmic movement
- → Demonstrates effort awareness: Speed, force, control
- → Participates in make believe play
- → Uses creativity and imagination when using materials

## Four Year Olds:

- → Demonstrates care and persistence when creativity art projects
- → Shows increasing awareness for color, line, form, spacing design and texture
- → Expresses thoughts/feelings/energy through various forms/genres of music
- → shows increasing awareness to components of music; melody, pitch, rhythm, tempo, dynamics, timbra
- → Participates in a variety of rhythmic movement
- → demonstrates meaningful, creative responses when listening to music to reflect the expressive element of music
- → Assumes different roles in dramatic play experiences and shows real life roles can be enacted
- → Interacts with peers in dramatic play that is making the experience more complex

Approaches to	Children will begin	Family Well-being	3.2	Cognition
Learning	and finish activities	→ Program Environment	Engagement and	#11: Demonstrates positive
→ Cognitive Self-	with persistence,	→ Family Partnership	Persistence	approaches to learning
Regulation	attention, and	→ Teaching/Learning	- Croiocenec	a: Attends and engages
(Executive	cooperation.	→ Community Partnerships		c: Solves problems
Functioning)		Positive Parent-Child		l solves prosiems
		Relationships		
		→ Program Environment		
		→ Family Partnership		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		→ Community Partnerships		
		Families as Lifelong Educators		
		→ Program Environment		
		→ Family Partnership		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		→ Community Partnerships		
		Families as Learners		
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		Family Engagement in		
		Transitions		
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		→ Community Partnerships		
		Family Connections to peers and		
		community		
		→ Program Environment		
		→ Family Partnership		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		→ Community Partnerships		
		Families as Advocates		
		→ Family Partnerships		
Thron Voor Older				

- → Sustains interest in working on a task, especially when adults offer suggestions, questions, and comments
- → Approaching Sustaining on working on age-appropriate, interesting tasks; can ignore most distractions and interruptions
- → Observes and imitates how other people solve problems; asks for a solution and uses it

→ Solves problems without having to try every possibility

### Four Year Olds

- → Approaching Sustaining on working on age-appropriate, interesting tasks; can ignore most distractions and interruptions
- → Approaching Sustains attention to tasks or projects over time (days to weeks); can return to activities after interruptions
- → Approaching Solves problems without having to try every possibility

→ Approaching Thinks problems through, considering several possibilities and analyzing results

Language and	Children will	Positive Parent-child	6.1	Language
Communication	comprehend and	relationships	Language Understanding	#8: Listens to and understands
→ Attending and	use communication	→ Program Environment	and use (PS1-PS6)	increasingly complex language
under-standing	and language for a	→ Family Partnership		a: Comprehends language
→ Vocabulary	variety of purposes,	→ Teaching/Learning		
	incorporating an	Families as Lifelong Educators		#9: Uses language to express
	increasingly	→ Program Environment		thoughts and needs
	complex and varied	→ Family Partnerships		a: Uses an expanding expressive
	vocabulary.	→ Teaching/Learning		vocabulary
		→ Community Partnerships		c: Uses conventional grammar
		Families as Learners		
		→ Teaching/Learning		#10: Uses appropriate
		Family Engagement in		conversational and other
		Transitions		communication skills
		→ Program Environment		a: Engages in conversation
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		→ Community Partnerships		
		Family connections to Peers and		
		Community		
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Teaching/Learning		

## Three Year Olds:

- → Approaching Responds appropriately to specific vocabulary and simple statements, questions, and stories
- → Responds appropriately to specific vocabulary and simple statements, questions, and stories
- → Approaching Describes and tells the use of many familiar items
- → Describes and tells the use of many familiar items
- → Approaching Uses three- to four-word sentences; may omit some words or use some words incorrectly
- → Uses complete, four- to six-word sentences
- → Approaching Engages in conversations of at least three exchanges

→ Engages in conversations of at least three exchanges

### Four Year Olds:

- → Responds appropriately to specific vocabulary and simple statements, questions, and stories
- → Approaching Responds appropriately to complex statements, questions, vocabulary, and stories, asking questions when needed; offers opposites for frequently occurring verbs and adjectives; understands the differences between similar action verbs
- → Approaching Describes and tells the use of many familiar items
- → Approaching Incorporates new, less familiar, or technical words (acquired through texts and conversations) in everyday conversations; correctly uses new meanings for familiar words
- → Approaching Uses complete, four- to six-word sentences
- → Approaching Uses long, complex sentences and follows most grammatical rules; uses common verbs and nouns (including plural nouns)
- → Engages in conversations of at least three exchanges

→ Approaching Engages in complex, lengthy conversations of five or more exchanges

- Independent Pro-	Salber III combiend remer			
Literacy	Children will have	Positive Parent-child	6.2	Literacy
→ Print and	knowledge of the	Relationships	Early Literacy	#16: Demonstrates knowledge of
Alphabet	alphabet and	→ Family Partnerships		the alphabet
Knowledge	phonological	→ Teaching/Learning		a: Identifies and names letters
	awareness.	Families as Lifelong Educators		b: Uses letter-sound knowledge
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		Family Engagement in Transition		
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		Family Connections to Peers and		
		community		
		→ Teaching.Learning		

### Three Year Olds:

- → Recognizes and names a few letters in own name
- → Recognizes and names as many as 10 letters, especially those in own name
- → Not yet identifying letters sounds
- → Identifies the sounds of a few letters

#### Four Year Olds:

- → Recognizes and names a few letters in own name
- → Approaching Identifies and names 11–20 upper- and 11–20 lowercase letters when presented in random order
- → Identifies the sounds of a few letters
- → Approaching Produces at least one correct sound for each letter in the alphabet

Literacy	Children will	Positive Parent-child	6.3	Literacy
	demonstrate	Relationships	Early Writing	#19: Demonstrates emergent
	emergent writing	→ Family Partnerships		writing skills
	skills.	→ Teaching/Learning		a: Writes name
		Families as Lifelong Educators		b: Writes to convey meaning
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		Family Engagement in Transition		
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		Family Connections to Peers and		
		community		
		→ Teaching.Learning		

- → Makes controlled linear scribbles
- → Writes letter strings
- → Uses drawing, dictation, and controlled linear scribbles to convey a message
- → Uses drawing, dictation, and letter strings to convey a message

## Four Year Olds:

- → Writes mock letters or letter-like forms
- → Approaching Writes accurate first name
- → Uses drawing, dictation, and mock letters or letter forms to convey a message
- → Uses drawing, dictation, and early invented spelling to convey a message

Cognition	Children will	Positive Parent-child	3.3	Cognitive
→ Reasoning and	recognize,	relationships	Reasoning and Problem	#11: Demonstrates positive
Problem	understand,	→ Program Environment	Solving	approaches to learning
Solving	analyze, and solve a	→ Family Partnership		c: Solves problems
	problem.	→ Teaching/Learning		d: Shows curiosity and
		Families as Lifelong Educators		motivation
		→ Program Environment		
		→ Family Partnerships		#12: Remembers and connects
		→ Teaching/Learning		experiences
		→ Community Partnerships		b: Makes connections
		Families as Learners		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		Family Engagement in		
		Transitions		

→ Program Environment
→ Family Partnerships
→ Teaching/Learning
→ Community Partnerships
Family connections to Peers and
Community
→ Family Partnerships
→ Teaching/Learning

- → Observes and imitates how other people solve problems; asks for a solution and uses it
- → Solves problems without having to try every possibility
- → Explores and investigates ways to make something happen
- → Shows eagerness to learn about a variety of topics and ideas
- → Remembers the sequence of personal routines and experiences with teacher support
- → Draws on everyday experiences and applies this knowledge to a similar situation

### Four Year Olds:

- → Approaching Solves problems without having to try every possibility
- → Approaching Thinks problems through, considering several possibilities and analyzing results
- → Approaching Shows eagerness to learn about a variety of topics and ideas
- → Approaching Uses a variety of resources to find answers to questions; participates in grade-appropriate research projects
- → Approaching Draws on everyday experiences and applies this knowledge to a similar situation
- → Approaching Generates a rule, strategy, or idea from one learning experience and applies it in a new context

Cognitive	Children will use	Positive Parent-child	7.1	Mathematics
→ Mathematics	math in everyday	Relationships	Numbers and Operations	#20: Uses number concepts and
Knowledge and	routines to count,	→ Family Partnerships	Training on a real operations	operations
Skills	compare, relate,	→ Teaching/Learning	7.2	a: Counts
	pattern and	Families as Lifelong Educators	Patterns	b: Quantifies
	problem solve.	→ Teaching/Learning		c: Connects numerals with their
		Family Engagement in Transition	7.3	quantities
		→ Family Partnerships	Shapes and Spatial	
		→ Teaching/Learning	Relationships	#21: Explores and describes
		Family Connections to Peers and		spatial relationships and shapes
		community		b: Understands shapes
		→ Teaching.Learning		
				#23: Demonstrates knowledge of
				patterns

- → Approaching Verbally counts to 10; counts up to five objects accurately, using one number name for each object
- → Approaching Verbally counts to 20; counts 10–20 objects accurately; knows the last number states how many in all; tells what number (1–10) comes next in order by counting
- → Approaching Recognizes and names the number of items in a small set (up to five) instantly; combines and separates up to five objects and describes the parts
- Recognizes and names the number of items in a small set (up to five) instantly; combines and separates up to five objects and describes the parts
- → Recognizes and names a few numerals
- → Identifies numerals to 5 by name and connects each to counted objects
- → Approaching Identifies a few basic shapes (circle, square, triangle)
- → Approaching Describes basic two- and three-dimensional shapes by using own words; recognizes basic shapes when they are presented in a new orientation
- → Approaching Copies simple repeating patterns
- → Copies simple repeating patterns

#### Four Year Olds:

- → Approaching Verbally counts to 20; counts 10–20 objects accurately; knows the last number states how many in all; tells what number (1–10) comes next in order by counting
- → Verbally counts to 20; counts 10–20 objects accurately; knows the last number states how many in all; tells what number (1–10) comes next in order by counting
- → Recognizes and names the number of items in a small set (up to five) instantly; combines and separates up to five objects and describes the parts
- → Makes sets of 6–10 objects and then describes the parts; identifies which part has more, less, or the same (equal); counts all or counts on to find out how many
- → Identifies numerals to 5 by name and connects each to counted objects
- → Identifies numerals to 10 by name and connects each to counted objects
- → Approaching Describes basic two- and three-dimensional shapes by using own words; recognizes basic shapes when they are presented in a new orientation
- → Describes basic two- and three-dimensional shapes by using own words; recognizes basic shapes when they are presented in a new orientation
- → Copies simple repeating patterns

→ Approaching Recognizes, creates, and explains more complex repeating and simple growing patterns

Cognition	Children will have	Family Well-being	8.1	Science and Technology
→ Science	the ability to	→ Program Environment	Scientific Investigations	#24: Uses scientific inquiry skills
Knowledge and	observe,	Positive Parent-child		
Skills	investigate, and	Relationships	8.2	

explore the world	→ Teaching and learning	Scientific Reasoning	#25: Demonstrates knowledge of
around them to gain	Families as Lifelong Educators		the characteristics of living things
knowledge in the	→ Program Environment		
areas of living	→ Family Partnerships	8.3	#26: Demonstrates knowledge of
things, physical	→ Teaching and learning	Scientific Communications	the physical properties of objects
properties, and the	Families as Learners		and materials
Earth's	→ Teaching/Learning		
environment.	→ Community Partnerships		#27: Demonstrates knowledge of
	Family as Advocates/Leaders		Earth's environment
	→ Family Partnerships		
	→ Community Partnerships		

- → Shows curiosity by exploring things in the environment
- → Attentively observing and exploring the environment with multiple sense
- → Classifies living versus nonliving things
- → Communicates about the characteristics of living things
- → Observes and manipulates objects and materials
- → Examines, describes, categorizes and measures the observable features of objects
- → Understands that there are different types of weather and that weather changes
- → Describes and measures weather
- → Manipulates various scientific tools
- → Uses different scientific tools correctly

## Four Year Olds:

- → Intensively observing and exploring the environment using multiple senses
- → Connects new discoveries to what is already known
- → Communicates about the characteristics of living things
- → Shows awareness of life cycles, how things grow/change and reproduce
- → Examines, describes, categorizes and measures the observable features of objects
- → Understands physical properties of objects and change and natural forces can affect objects and materials
- → Describes and measures weather
- → Communicates that the Earth's surface is made up of different material (rock/Sand/dirt/water)

Cognition	Children will acquire	Family Well-being	4.1	Social Studies
→ Social Studies	knowledge of self,	→ Program Environment	Awareness of Family and	#29: Demonstrates knowledge
Knowledge and	family, and	Positive Parent-child	Community	about self
Skills	community	Relationships		
	diversity.	→ Teaching and learning		

Families as Lifelong Educators	#30: Shows basic understanding
→ Program Environment	of people and how they live
→ Family Partnerships	
→ Teaching and learning	#31: Explores change related to
Families as Learners	familiar people or places
→ Teaching/Learning	
→ Community Partnerships	#32: Demonstrates simple
Family as Advocates/Leaders	geographic knowledge
→ Family Partnerships	
→ Community Partnerships	

- → Demonstrate understanding that each person has unique characteristics
- → Demonstrate understanding that each person has their own way of communicating, problem solving and is part of a family
- → Demonstrates understand that different people have various jobs in the community
- → Understands family and community needs, roles, relationships and means of transportation people use
- → Understand that people and things change over time
- → Shows that time can be measured
- → Recognizes aspects of the environment
- → Shows increasing understand that maps are tools with symbols to help us locate objects, find where we are, and where we are going

#### Four Year Olds:

- → Demonstrate understanding that each person has their own way of communicating, problem solving and is part of a family
- → Understand cultural differences and others unique characteristics
- → Understands family and community needs, roles, relationships and means of transportation people use
- → Demonstrates increasing understand that there are rules in our homes, schools and communities and that each rule has a purpose
- → Shows that time can be measured
- → Communicates about time and differentiates between past, future and present
- → Shows increasing understand that maps are tools with symbols to help us locate objects, find where we are, and where we are going

→ Shows increasingly knowledge of the worlds geography

Perceptual, Motor,	Children will	Family Well-being	2.1	Social Studies
and Physical	identify and	→ Program Environment	Healthy and Safe Living	#29: Demonstrates knowledge
Development	practice healthy and	Positive Parent-child		about self
→ Physical	safe habits.	Relationships		
Development		→ Teaching and learning		
and Health		Families as Lifelong Educators		
		→ Program Environment		
		→ Family Partnerships		

→ Teaching and learning
Families as Learners
→ Teaching/Learning
→ Community Partnerships
Family as Advocates/Leaders
→ Family Partnerships
→ Community Partnerships

- → Demonstrate understanding that each person has unique characteristics
- → Demonstrate understanding that each person has their own way of communicating, problem solving and is part of a family

### Four Year Olds:

- → Demonstrate understanding that each person has their own way of communicating, problem solving and is part of a family
- → Understand cultural differences and others unique characteristics

Perceptual, Motor,	Children will	Positive Parent-child	2.3	Physical
and Physical	develop large and	Relationships	Small Motor Development	#4: Demonstrates traveling skills
Development	fine motor skills.	→ Family Partnerships		
→ Physical		→ Teaching/Learning	2.2	#5: Demonstrates balancing skills
Development		Families as Lifelong Educators	Large Motor Skills	
and Health		→ Teaching/Learning		#6: Demonstrates gross-motor
		Family Engagement in Transition		manipulative skills
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Teaching/Learning		#7: Demonstrates fine-motor
		Family Connections to Peers and		strength and coordination
		community		a: Uses fingers and hands
		→ Teaching.Learning		b: Uses writing and drawing tools

### Three Year Olds:

- → Approaching Moves purposefully from place to place with control
- → Moves purposefully from place to place with control
- → Approaching Sustains balance during simple movement experiences
- → Approaching Sustains balance during complex movement experiences
- → Approaching Manipulates balls or similar objects with flexible body movements
- → Manipulates balls or similar objects with flexible body movements
- → Approaching Uses refined wrist and finger movements
- → Approaching Uses small, precise finger and hand movements
- → Approaching Grips drawing and writing tools with whole hand but may use whole-arm movements to make marks
- → Holds drawing and writing tools by using a three-point finger grip but may hold the instrument too close to one end

### Four Year Olds:

- → Moves purposefully from place to place with control
- → Coordinates increasingly complex movements in play and games
- → Sustains balance during simple movement experiences
- → Sustains balance during complex movement experiences
- → Manipulates balls or similar objects with flexible body movements
- → Manipulates balls or similar objects with a full range of motion
- → Uses refined wrist and finger movements
- → Uses small, precise finger and hand movements
- → Approaching Holds drawing and writing tools by using a three-point finger grip but may hold the instrument too close to one end

→ Approaching Uses three-point finger grip and efficient hand placement when writing and drawing

Language and Literacy	English language	Positive Parent-child	6.1	English Language Acquisition
→ English	learners will listen,	Relationships	Language Understanding	#37: Demonstrates progress in
Language	understand, and	→ Family Partnerships	and Use (PS7-PS11)	listening to and understanding
Development	speak some English	→ Teaching/Learning		English
	with increasing skill.	Families as Lifelong Educators		
		→ Teaching/Learning		#38: Demonstrates progress in
		Family Engagement in Transition		speaking English
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Teaching/Learning		
		Family Connections to Peers and		
		community		
		→ Teaching.Learning		
		Families as Advocates		
		→ Program Environment		
		→ Family Partnerships		
		→ Community Partnerships		

### Three Year Olds:

- → Approaching Observes others as they converse in English during play or other small-group experiences; may engage in similar activities by imitating behavior; attends to oral English
- → Understands increasingly complex phrases used by adults and children
- → Approaching Repeats sounds and words in English, sometimes very quietly
- → Uses increasingly complex English grammar; makes some mistakes typical of young children

#### Four Year Olds:

→ Approaching Observes others as they converse in English during play or other small-group experiences; may engage in similar activities by imitating behavior; attends to oral English

- → Understands increasingly complex phrases used by adults and children
- → Approaching Repeats sounds and words in English, sometimes very quietly
- → Uses increasingly complex English grammar; makes some mistakes typical of young children

Children with disabilities have more individualized and intense instruction according to their IEP or 504 plan. Staff, AEA and families work together to ensure that PCFE goals and Kindergarten readiness goals are flexible with their individual needs.